



# Toyota Motor Company (TM)

Updated November 19<sup>th</sup>, 2018 by Jonathan Weber

## Key Metrics

|                             |       |                                            |       |                                 |       |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
| <b>Current Price:</b>       | \$117 | <b>5 Year CAGR Estimate:</b>               | 13.9% | <b>Volatility Percentile:</b>   | 20.7% |
| <b>Fair Value Price:</b>    | \$147 | <b>5 Year Growth Estimate:</b>             | 5.5%  | <b>Momentum Percentile:</b>     | 34.4% |
| <b>% Fair Value:</b>        | 79%   | <b>5 Year Valuation Multiple Estimate:</b> | 4.7%  | <b>Growth Percentile:</b>       | 45.9% |
| <b>Dividend Yield:</b>      | 3.7%  | <b>5 Year Price Target</b>                 | \$191 | <b>Valuation Percentile:</b>    | 82.7% |
| <b>Dividend Risk Score:</b> | F     | <b>Retirement Suitability Score:</b>       | D     | <b>Total Return Percentile:</b> | 78.8% |

## Overview & Current Events

Toyota Motor Corporation is a multinational automotive conglomerate and Japan's largest manufacturer of automobiles. The company was founded in 1933 and has grown to be a leader in the automotive industry, manufacturing well-known vehicles such as the Camry, Corolla, Highlander, Sienna, Yaris, Prius, and RAV4. United States investors can invest in Toyota through American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) listed on the New York Stock Exchange, where they trade under the ticker TM. Toyota is headquartered in Toyota, Japan, and is currently valued at \$168 billion. All numbers in this report are in US\$.

Toyota reported its second quarter earnings results (fiscal 2019) on November 6. This earnings report covers Toyota's results during the six months between April and September of 2018. The company generated revenues of \$130.5 billion during these six months, which represents an increase of 3.4% year over year. This growth was driven by an increase in the number of vehicles that Toyota has sold (up 0.7%) as well as by an increase in the average selling price. Toyota managed to grow its operating income by 15% to \$11.2 billion for the first two quarters of fiscal 2019. Toyota's management pointed out that the company is making progress towards reaching its goals for (fixed) cost reduction, which explains how Toyota was able to grow its profits by 15% despite delivering revenue growth of only 3.4%. Toyota now expects revenues of \$263 billion for fiscal 2019. On top of that, its guidance for net earnings has been increased to \$20.5 billion, which equates to earnings-per-share of ~\$14.35.

Toyota has announced an interim dividend payment of \$1.78 per ADR during the Q2 earnings call. Toyota also announced a new share repurchase program that allows the company to buy back \$22 billion worth of shares, or a maximum of 42 million shares. There is no time limit on the share repurchase program.

## Growth on a Per-Share Basis

| Year          | 2009    | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | 2014    | 2015    | 2016    | 2017    | 2018    | 2019           | 2024           |
|---------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>EPS</b>    | -\$2.84 | \$1.44 | \$1.89 | \$2.20 | \$7.24 | \$11.77 | \$12.31 | \$12.40 | \$10.72 | \$13.87 | <b>\$14.35</b> | <b>\$18.77</b> |
| <b>DPS</b>    | \$2.74  | \$1.18 | \$1.22 | \$1.27 | \$1.99 | \$3.23  | \$3.28  | \$3.64  | \$3.76  | \$4.15  | <b>\$4.40</b>  | <b>\$5.90</b>  |
| <b>Shares</b> | 1570    | 1570   | 1570   | 1580   | 1580   | 1580    | 1570    | 1520    | 1490    | 1450    | <b>1425</b>    | <b>1400</b>    |

Toyota Motor Corporation's earnings-per-share history is not very smooth due to its poor performance during the financial crisis. The global economic downturn between 2007 and 2009 hurt all automobile manufacturers, even causing the bankruptcy of General Motors (GM). Since fiscal 2014, when Toyota's earnings stabilized, the company has grown its earnings-per-share at 4.2% per year. Toyota is currently forecasting an earnings-per-share growth rate of 3.5% for fiscal 2019, but currency rates can impact Toyota's results to a significant degree when these results are converted to US\$.

Toyota should be able to drive future revenue growth by exploring the electric vehicle market. While Toyota was an early mover in the hybrid vehicle market thanks to the introduction of the Toyota Prius in 1997, the company has yet to introduce a fully electric vehicle (outside of the all-electric Prius) that has gained widespread consumer popularity. We believe Toyota's reputation gives it the capability to capture meaningful market share once it introduces a fully electric vehicle to the masses. Toyota's strong operating efficiency allows for above-average margins relative to its peers. This, coupled with new cost-saving initiatives, will be another positive for Toyota's earnings-per-share growth.

*Disclosure: This analyst has no position in the security discussed in this research report, and no plans to initiate one in the next 72 hours.*



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## Valuation Analysis

| Year      | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | Now         | 2024        |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Avg. P/E  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | 34.0 | 11.7 | 10.3 | 9.8  | 10.0 | 10.5 | 8.6  | <b>8.1</b>  | <b>10.2</b> |
| Avg. Yld. | 3.4% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.7% | 2.3% | 2.7% | 2.7% | 2.9% | 3.4% | 3.5% | <b>3.7%</b> | <b>3.2%</b> |

Toyota has been valued at 8.6 to 11.7 times earnings during the last six years, when its profits had hit pre-crisis levels again. Right now shares trade for 8.1 times this year's expected net profits, which represents a substantial discount relative to how shares were valued in the past. We see considerable upside potential towards a price to earnings multiple of 10.2, which is the median earnings multiple over the last couple of years. Toyota offers a dividend yield that is well above that of the broad market, but lower than the yield some of its peers offer (such as Ford and Daimler). Dividend payments by Japanese companies are hit with a withholding tax of 15%.

## Safety, Quality, Competitive Advantage, & Recession Resiliency

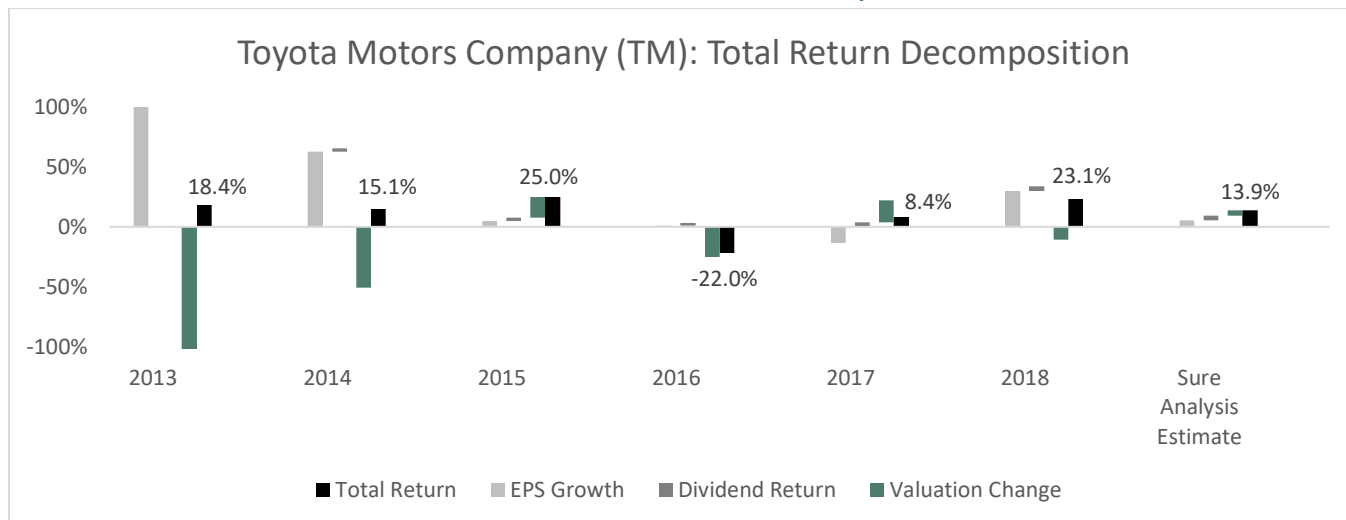
| Year      | 2009  | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016  | 2017  | 2018  | 2019         | 2024         |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| GP/A      | 12.9% | 7.1%  | 7.5%  | 7.7%  | 7.5%  | 11.0% | 12.1% | 12.4% | 11.4% | 10.3% | <b>11.0%</b> | <b>11.0%</b> |
| Debt/A    | 61.4% | 63.5% | 64.0% | 63.4% | 63.9% | 64.0% | 63.3% | 63.0% | 62.9% | 62.7% | <b>63.0%</b> | <b>63.0%</b> |
| Payout    | N/A   | 81.9% | 64.6% | 57.7% | 27.5% | 27.4% | 26.6% | 29.4% | 35.1% | 29.9% | <b>30.6%</b> | <b>31.4%</b> |
| Std. Dev. | 29.6% | 33.6% | 22.8% | 24.4% | 23.7% | 19.0% | 13.8% | 15.4% | 19.8% | 12.7% | <b>16.0%</b> | <b>18.0%</b> |

Toyota Motor Corporation's quality metrics are relatively on par with those of other automakers. While the company generates a rather low level of gross profits relative to its assets, this is due to the poor economics (high capital intensity) of its industry. Toyota was hit hard during the last financial crisis, like all of its peers. During future global downturns the company is likely to perform poorly again, which is why Toyota is not a low-risk or recession-proof stock.

## Final Thoughts & Recommendation

Toyota is one of the largest automobile companies in the world. The economics in this industry are not very favorable, and the business is usually quite cyclical. Toyota is cost-efficient and produces above-average margins, and it holds a strong brand. Its success with the Toyota Prius will likely allow Toyota to expand increasingly into electric vehicles over the coming years. We rate shares a buy for those that seek exposure to this higher-risk industry.

## Total Return Breakdown by Year



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## Income Statement Metrics

| Year             | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | 2014   | 2015   | 2016   | 2017   |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue (\$B)    | 206.47 | 204.25 | 220.59 | 235.45 | 266.98 | 256.51 | 249.05 | 236.69 | 255.19 | 265.16 |
| Gross Profit     | 20856  | 24435  | 27622  | 27811  | 41422  | 48831  | 49315  | 48314  | 44967  | 49553  |
| Gross Margin     | 10.1%  | 12.0%  | 12.5%  | 11.8%  | 15.5%  | 19.0%  | 19.8%  | 20.4%  | 17.6%  | 18.7%  |
| SG&A Exp.        | 25493  | 22845  | 22184  | 23306  | 25439  | 25946  | 24162  | 24531  | 26525  | 27893  |
| D&A Exp.         | 15037  | 15246  | 13653  | 13529  | 13372  | 12489  | 12885  | 13549  | 14897  | 15650  |
| Operating Profit | -4636  | 1590   | 5439   | 4506   | 15983  | 22885  | 25153  | 23783  | 18442  | 21660  |
| Op. Margin       | -2.2%  | 0.8%   | 2.5%   | 1.9%   | 6.0%   | 8.9%   | 10.1%  | 10.0%  | 7.2%   | 8.2%   |
| Net Profit       | -4394  | 2257   | 4741   | 3593   | 11643  | 18202  | 19874  | 19273  | 16932  | 22509  |
| Net Margin       | -2.1%  | 1.1%   | 2.1%   | 1.5%   | 4.4%   | 7.1%   | 8.0%   | 8.1%   | 6.6%   | 8.5%   |
| Free Cash Flow   | -8528  | 12081  | 3865   | -1009  | 5774   | 9658   | 3001   | 3347   | -1176  | 5517   |
| Income Tax       | 568    | 999    | 3633   | 3323   | 6676   | 7666   | 8170   | 7319   | 5816   | 4552   |

## Balance Sheet Metrics

| Year               | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | 2014   | 2015   | 2016   | 2017   |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total Assets (\$B) | 293.53 | 324.43 | 358.41 | 372.41 | 376.83 | 402.65 | 397.64 | 421.96 | 436.02 | 473.40 |
| Cash & Equivalents | 25144  | 24143  | 25010  | 20402  | 18248  | 19834  | 19033  | 26152  | 26788  | 28722  |
| Acc. Receivable    | 14067  | 20164  | 67143  | 74294  | 75289  | 74482  | 69801  | 70400  | 74348  | 80624  |
| Inventories        | 14740  | 15205  | 15677  | 19711  | 18222  | 18411  | 17808  | 18341  | 21364  | 23899  |
| Total Liab. (\$B)  | 186.46 | 207.59 | 227.16 | 237.95 | 241.19 | 254.77 | 250.62 | 265.30 | 273.39 | 290.56 |
| Accounts Payable   | 13124  | 20915  | 18067  | 27247  | 22448  | 21506  | 20083  | 21260  | 22954  | 24340  |
| LT Debt (\$B)      | 127.45 | 133.77 | 149.06 | 145.87 | 150.08 | 158.65 | 158.10 | 162.75 | 171.33 | 182.06 |
| Total Equity       | 101.62 | 110.75 | 119.42 | 123.36 | 124.80 | 136.74 | 136.55 | 145.46 | 153.10 | 172.57 |
| D/E Ratio          | 1.25   | 1.21   | 1.20   | 1.14   | 1.16   | 1.13   | 1.13   | 1.09   | 1.09   | 1.03   |

## Profitability & Per Share Metrics

| Year             | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | 2014   | 2015   | 2016   | 2017   |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Return on Assets | -1.4%  | 0.7%   | 1.4%   | 1.0%   | 3.1%   | 4.7%   | 5.0%   | 4.7%   | 3.9%   | 5.0%   |
| Return on Equity | -4.0%  | 2.1%   | 4.1%   | 3.0%   | 9.4%   | 13.9%  | 14.5%  | 13.7%  | 11.3%  | 13.8%  |
| ROIC             | -1.8%  | 0.9%   | 1.8%   | 1.3%   | 4.1%   | 6.1%   | 6.5%   | 6.2%   | 5.2%   | 6.4%   |
| Shares Out.      | 1570   | 1570   | 1570   | 1580   | 1580   | 1580   | 1570   | 1520   | 1490   | 1450   |
| Revenue/Share    | 131.50 | 130.26 | 140.69 | 149.80 | 168.60 | 161.79 | 157.60 | 150.52 | 167.02 | 177.08 |
| FCF/Share        | -5.43  | 7.70   | 2.47   | -0.64  | 3.65   | 6.09   | 1.90   | 2.13   | -0.77  | 3.68   |

Note: All figures in millions of U.S. Dollars unless per share or indicated otherwise.

## Disclaimer

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