# Bank of America Corp. (BAC) 

Updated July 18th, 2019 by Josh Arnold Key Metrics

| Current Price: | $\$ 29$ | 5 Year CAGR Estimate: | 11.5\% | Volatility Percentile: | 75.2\% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fair Value Price: | $\$ 31$ | 5 Year Growth Estimate: | $8.0 \%$ | Momentum Percentile: | $39.1 \%$ |
| \% Fair Value: | $93 \%$ | 5 Year Valuation Multiple Estimate: | $1.4 \%$ | Growth Percentile: | $75.7 \%$ |
| Dividend Yield: | $2.1 \%$ | 5 Year Price Target | $\$ 46$ | Valuation Percentile: | $66.5 \%$ |
| Dividend Risk Score: | D | Retirement Suitability Score: | D | Total Return Percentile: $67.2 \%$ |  |

## Overview \& Current Events

Bank of America provides traditional banking services, as well as non-banking financial services to customers all over the world. Its operations include Consumer Banking, Wealth \& Investment Management and Global Banking \& Markets. Bank of America was founded in 1904, is headquartered in Charlotte, NC, and currently trades with a market capitalization of $\$ 273$ billion, making it one of the largest financial companies in the world.
Bank of America reported Q2 earnings on 7/17/19 and results were quite strong. The company's CEO said he is seeing strong consumer activity across the board, and that the bank's customers have spent $5 \%$ more in the first half of this year compared to last year. This would seem to bode well for the consumer-centric bank for the rest of the year.
Actual results in Q2 were robust as earnings generation was strong just about everywhere one looks. The core consumer banking business saw its net income rise from $\$ 2.92$ billion in the year-ago period to $\$ 3.29$ billion in Q2. Average deposits were up slightly from $\$ 697$ billion to $\$ 707$ billion, while average loans and leases rose fractionally from $\$ 292$ billion to $\$ 296$ billion.

The wealth management business posted $\$ 1.07$ billion in net income, up from $\$ 971$ million in the year-ago period. That segment's deposits fell from $\$ 262$ billion to $\$ 254$ billion while loans and leases rose from $\$ 164$ billion to $\$ 166$ billion.
Global banking saw its net income decline from $\$ 2.11$ billion to $\$ 1.93$ billion, but did see strong deposit growth. Deposits are now $\$ 363$ billion, up from $\$ 349$ billion, while loans and leases were up fractionally at $\$ 373$ billion.
Global market net income declined from $\$ 1.27$ billion to $\$ 1.07$ billion as sales and trading revenue declined nearly $10 \%$. Lower investment banking fees weighed on results as well.
Provisions for credit losses came to $\$ 857$ million, up modestly from the $\$ 827$ million in the year-ago period. The bank's efficiency ratio improved from $59 \%$ to $57 \%$ year-over-year, which helped improve margins.
Total earnings-per-share came to 74 cents in Q2, up from 63 cents a year ago. Part of the increase was due to a $7 \%$ lower share count, but the bank's results were strong overall in Q2. We reiterate $\$ 2.85$ in earnings-per-share for this year.

## Growth on a Per-Share Basis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EPS | $-\$ 0.29$ | $-\$ 0.37$ | $\$ 0.01$ | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 0.90$ | $\$ 0.36$ | $\$ 1.31$ | $\$ 1.50$ | $\$ 1.83$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 8 5}$ |
| DPS | $\$ 0.04$ | $\$ 0.04$ | $\$ 0.04$ | $\$ 0.04$ | $\$ 0.04$ | $\$ 0.12$ | $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 0.39$ | $\$ 0.54$ | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 6 0}$ |
| Shares | 8,650 | 10,085 | 10,536 | 10,778 | 10,592 | 10,517 | 10,380 | 10,053 | 10,287 | 9,669 | $\mathbf{9 , 4 0 0}$ |

Bank of America's earnings and dividend history over the last decade do not look compelling at first sight. Both earnings and dividends were decimated during the last financial crisis and the share price dropped substantially. Moreover, investors' dividend stream all but stopped for many years.
Bank of America's profits have recovered nicely over the last couple of years, although the impact of the last financial crisis was clearly visible up to 2014. Going forward, Bank of America should be able to remain on track, although the tremendous earnings-per-share growth rate seen in 2018 will not be repeatable.
In the coming years, a couple of factors should provide earnings growth for Bank of America. The first one is that the

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bank's loan portfolio keeps growing, consistent with Q2 results. Bank of America is also focused on minimizing expenses. The bank lowered its efficiency ratio to $57 \%$ during Q2, down from $59 \%$ a year earlier. If this trend continues, Bank of America's earnings growth will remain higher than the company's revenue growth rate. Bank of America also continues to buy back shares, which is a tailwind for its earnings-per-share growth rate.

Valuation Analysis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | Now | $\mathbf{2 0 2 4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avg. P/E | --- | --- | --- | --- | 15.0 | --- | 12.6 | 10.3 | 13.5 | 8.7 | $\mathbf{1 0 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 0}$ |
| Avg. YId. | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 . 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 1 \%}$ |

During the last financial crisis Bank of America operated at a loss, which makes it difficult to put the company's longterm average valuation into context. With a solid growth outlook and a healthy balance sheet, we believe it is likely that Bank of America's valuation will expand to a low double-digits earnings multiple, in line with its peers. The target multiple of 11 is a slight reduction from our previous target of 12 , which appears to be too ambitious at this point.

## Safety, Quality, Competitive Advantage, \& Recession Resiliency

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payout | --- | --- | -- | $16.0 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 1 . 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 . 9 \%}$ |

Bank of America started to raise its dividend payout ratio in earnest a couple of years ago, but the company still only pays out a small amount of its profits in the form of dividends. The dividend payout ratio will likely continue to rise, but the dividend in its current state is still very safe.
Bank of America competes with the biggest banks of the United States. Bank of America is a leader in online banking with more than 35 million active digital banking users and strong growth rates across its digital payments solutions. During the last financial crisis Bank of America was hit hard, but major financial crises such as the one around 2009 are not common occurrences. During a normal recession, Bank of America will likely perform better than its 2007-2009 history would suggest.

## Final Thoughts \& Recommendation

Bank of America is in a strong position right now, as its earnings are growing, its dividend experiences a strong growth rate, and its balance sheet looks healthy. Shares trade below our fair value estimate, and due to the strong expected total returns over the coming years, we continue to rate Bank of America a buy for those that seek exposure to the banking industry. Importantly, we note that its performance during the last financial crisis shows that Bank of America's dividend is not as safe as that of companies in other industries should another strong downturn strike.

Total Return Breakdown by Year


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Income Statement Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 112465 | $105.0 B$ | 86094 | 81264 | 86041 | 85894 | 82965 | 83701 | 87352 | 91247 |
| SG\&A Exp. | 52372 | 57294 | 64474 | 60416 | 58623 | 65863 | 49221 | 47270 | 47154 | 45911 |
| D\&A Exp. | 4314 | 3912 | 3485 | 3038 | 2683 | 2522 | 2389 | 2241 | 2103 | N/A |
| Net Profit | 6276 | -2238 | 1446 | 4188 | 11431 | 5520 | 15910 | 17822 | 18232 | 28147 |
| Net Margin | $5.6 \%$ | $-2.1 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ | $20.9 \%$ | $30.8 \%$ |
| Free Cash Flow | 127491 | 81554 | 63141 | $-16.1 B$ | 92817 | 30795 | 28397 | 18361 | 10403 | N/A |
| Income Tax | -1916 | 915 | -1676 | -1116 | 4741 | 2443 | 6277 | 7199 | 10981 | 6437 |

Balance Sheet Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets (\$B) | 2230.2 | 2264.9 | 2129.0 | 2210.0 | 2102.3 | 2104.5 | 2144.3 | 2188.1 | 2281.2 | 2354.5 |
| Cash \& Eq. (\$B) | 145.54 | 134.86 | 146.11 | 129.45 | 142.86 | 146.10 | 167.10 | 157.60 | 168.59 | 184.90 |
| Acc. Receivable | 81996 | 85704 | 66999 | 71467 | 59448 | 61845 | 58312 | 58759 | 61623 | 65814 |
| Goodwill \& Int. | 118114 | 98961 | 85498 | 82511 | 80470 | 77919 | 76616 | 71716 | 71253 | 68951 |
| Total Liab. (\$B) | 1998.8 | 2036.7 | 1898.9 | 1973.0 | 1869.6 | 1861.1 | 1888.1 | 1921.9 | 2014.1 | 2089.2 |
| LT Debt (\$B) | 508.05 | 508.39 | 407.96 | 306.32 | 295.67 | 274.31 | 264.86 | 240.77 | 260.07 | 249.53 |
| Total Equity (\$B) | 194.24 | 211.69 | 211.70 | 218.19 | 219.33 | 224.16 | 233.90 | 240.98 | 244.82 | 243.00 |
| D/E Ratio | 2.20 | 2.23 | 1.77 | 1.29 | 1.27 | 1.13 | 1.03 | 0.90 | 0.97 | 0.94 |

Profitability \& Per Share Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on Assets | $0.3 \%$ | $-0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| Return on Equity | $3.8 \%$ | $-1.1 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ |
| ROIC | $0.9 \%$ | $-0.3 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| Shares Out. | 8.7 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 9.7 |
| Revenue/Share | 14.55 | 10.72 | 8.40 | 7.50 | 7.49 | 8.12 | 7.38 | 7.58 | 8.10 | 8.91 |
| FCF/Share | 16.50 | 8.33 | 6.16 | -1.48 | 8.08 | 2.91 | 2.53 | 1.66 | 0.97 | N/A |

Note: All figures in millions of U.S. Dollars unless per share or indicated otherwise.

## Disclaimer

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     to the contrary should be made. There is a risk of loss from an investment in marketable securities. Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance.

