## Starbucks Corporation (SBUX)

Updated January 28 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2021$ by Eli Inkrot Key Metrics

| Current Price: | $\$ 100$ | 5 Year CAGR Estimate: | $3.0 \%$ | Market Cap: | \$116 B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fair Value Price: | $\$ 64$ | 5 Year Growth Estimate: | $10.0 \%$ | Ex-Dividend Date: | $02 / 17 / 21$ |
| \% Fair Value: | $155 \%$ | 5 Year Valuation Multiple Estimate: | $-8.3 \%$ | Dividend Payment Date: | $03 / 05 / 21$ |
| Dividend Yield: | $1.8 \%$ | 5 Year Price Target | $\$ 104$ | Years Of Dividend Growth: | 10 |
| Dividend Risk Score: | C | Retirement Suitability Score: | D | Last Dividend Increase: | $9.8 \%$ |

## Overview \& Current Events

Starbucks began with a single store in Seattle's Pike Place Market in 1971 and now has nearly 33,000 stores worldwide. The company operates under the namesake Starbucks brand, but also holds the Seattle's Best Coffee, Teavana, Evolution Fresh, and Ethos Water brands in its portfolio. The $\$ 116$ billion market cap company generates over $\$ 25$ billion in annual revenue.
On September $30^{\text {th }}, 2020$ Starbucks increased its dividend $9.8 \%$ from $\$ 0.41$ to $\$ 0.45$ per quarter.
On January $26^{\text {th }}, 2021$ Starbucks announced Q1 fiscal year 2021 results for the period ending December $27^{\text {th }}, 2020$. (Starbucks fiscal year ends the Sunday closest to September $30^{\text {th }}$.) For the quarter the company generated net revenue of $\$ 6.7$ billion, representing a $-4.9 \%$ decline compared to Q1 2020. Global comparable store sales declined $-5 \%$, driven by a $-19 \%$ decrease In comparable transactions, partially offset by a $17 \%$ increase in the average ticket. Adjusted earnings-per-share equaled $\$ 0.61$ compared to $\$ 0.79$ in the prior year's quarter.
During the quarter Starbucks opened 278 net new stores, bringing the total up to 32,938 stores globally, of which 51\% and $49 \%$ were company-operated and licensed, respectively.
Starbucks also updated its fiscal 2021 guidance, reiterating its expectation of $18 \%$ to $23 \%$ global comparable sales growth, $\$ 28$ billion to $\$ 29$ billion in revenue, approximately 2,150 new store openings and adjusted EPS of $\$ 2.70$ to $\$ 2.90$. In addition, the company expects $\$ 0.45$ to $\$ 0.50$ in adjusted earnings-per-share for Q2 2021.

## Growth on a Per-Share Basis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EPS | $\$ 0.76$ | $\$ 0.90$ | $\$ 1.13$ | $\$ 1.36$ | $\$ 1.58$ | $\$ 1.91$ | $\$ 2.06$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 6}$ |  |  |  |
| DPS | $\$ 0.26$ | $\$ 0.34$ | $\$ 0.42$ | $\$ 0.52$ | $\$ 0.64$ | $\$ 0.80$ | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 1.26$ | $\$ 1.44$ | $\$ 1.64$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 8 0}$ |
| Shares $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | 1,490 | 1,499 | 1,506 | 1,499 | 1,485 | 1,461 | 1,432 | 1,309 | 1,185 | 1,182 | $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 0}$ |

Starbucks had put together an excellent operating record, growing earnings-per-share by $18 \%$ per annum in the 2010 to 2019 period. During that time the company's net profit margin went from $5 \%$ to $13 \%$, while the company-owned store count nearly doubled. Of course, this fantastic growth of the past makes future growth a bit harder to replicate. Today the company is facing challenges from the COVID-19 pandemic, as 2020 results clearly demonstrate. Demand is down significantly, and financial results could continue to be pressured in the short-term. However, we are encouraged by recent guidance, suggesting that the company can get back to "normal" after a yearlong decline.
Looking further out, Starbucks has a strong growth trajectory available over the long-term in the way of a growing U.S. and International store count, where the company is still in the early innings of expansion, coupled with pricing power. We are forecasting $10 \%$ annual growth over the intermediate term as the company looks to get back to growth in 2021 and beyond.

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# Starbucks Corporation (SBUX) 

Updated January 28 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2021$ by Eli Inkrot
Valuation Analysis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | Now |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. P/E | 22.8 | 27.5 | 26.5 | 27.9 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 27.7 | 23.2 | 26.6 | --- | $\mathbf{3 5 . 5}$ |
| Avg. YId. | $1.5 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | 23.0 | $1.9 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 . 8 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 . 6 \%}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Excluding 2020, Starbucks has traded hands with an average P/E ratio of about 27 times earnings. However, this was during a time when the company's growth rate was much faster. Moving forward we have presumed a multiple of 23 times earnings, which still implies a premium valuation - reflecting the company's solid growth prospects and overall quality - but note that growth will be more and more difficult to formulate over time. At the current valuation, now trading near 36 times earnings, there is the possibility of a meaningful valuation headwind. Meanwhile, the dividend component is becoming a larger factor for investor returns.

## Safety, Quality, Competitive Advantage, \& Recession Resiliency

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payout | $34 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $140 \%$ | $\mathbf{6 4 \%}$ |

Starbucks sells an addicting product combined with a well-respected brand. This allows Starbucks to sell its coffee at premium prices and generate repeat business from customers. Still, the company is somewhat cyclical. From fiscal year 2007 to 2008, earnings-per-share fell -18\%, before increasing by $11 \%$ and $60 \%$ in the next two years. Earnings climbed higher every year since, until 2020 when the company was tested once again - seeing EPS decline $-59 \%$.
At the end of Q1 2021, Starbucks held $\$ 5.0$ billion in cash and equivalents, $\$ 8.4$ billion in current assets and $\$ 30.0$ billion in total assets against $\$ 7.9$ billion in current liabilities and $\$ 37.9$ billion in total liabilities. Long-term debt stood at $\$ 14.7$ billion against underlying earnings power north of $\$ 3$ billion annually. While the dividend payout ratio has increased significantly (from 0\% in 2009 to over half of earnings) Starbucks continues to maintain a reasonable financial position.

## Final Thoughts \& Recommendation

Shares are up $15 \%$ since our last report. Starbucks is one of those companies that you would love to own, with a terrific past, strong financial position, excellent brand and growth path ahead. Of course, the problem is that everyone knows about these great attributes, resulting in a share price that has been bid up accordingly. This really equalizes the value proposition and turns a standout business into a mediocre investment thesis when it comes to anticipated returns. We forecast $3.0 \%$ annual returns, comprising of a $10 \%$ intermediate-term growth rate and the company's $1.8 \%$ dividend yield offset by the potential for a material valuation headwind. We are reiterating our hold rating.


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Disclosure: This analyst has no position in the security discussed in this research report, and no plans to initiate one in the next 72 hours.

## Starbucks Corporation (SBUX)

Updated January $28^{\text {th }}, 2021$ by Eli Inkrot Income Statement Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 11700 | 13277 | 14867 | 16448 | 19163 | 21316 | 22387 | 24720 | 26509 | 23520 |
| Gross Profit | 6785 | 7464 | 8485 | 9589 | 11375 | 12805 | 13349 | 14545 | 7488 | 5059 |
| Gross Margin | $58.0 \%$ | $56.2 \%$ | $57.1 \%$ | $58.3 \%$ | $59.4 \%$ | $60.1 \%$ | $59.6 \%$ | $58.8 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $21.5 \%$ |
| SG\&A Exp. | 749 | 801 | 938 | 991 | 1197 | 1361 | 1393 | 1759 | 1824 | 1680 |
| D\&A Exp. | 550 | 581 | 656 | 748 | 934 | 1030 | 1067 | 1306 | 1449 | 1503 |
| Operating Profit | 1525 | 1787 | 2207 | 2793 | 3351 | 3854 | 3897 | 3807 | 3916 | 1518 |
| Operating Margin | $13.0 \%$ | $13.5 \%$ | $14.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ | $17.4 \%$ | $15.4 \%$ | $14.8 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| Net Profit | 1246 | 1384 | 8 | 2068 | 2757 | 2818 | 2885 | 4518 | 3599 | 928 |
| Net Margin | $10.6 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $12.6 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.9 \%$ | $18.3 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| Free Cash Flow | 1081 | 894 | 1757 | -553 | 2445 | 3135 | 2655 | 9961 | 3240 | 114.2 |
| Income Tax | 563 | 674 | -239 | 1092 | 1144 | 1380 | 1433 | 1262 | 872 | 239.7 |

Balance Sheet Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{7 3 6 0}$ | 8219 | 11517 | 10753 | 12416 | 14313 | 14366 | 24156 | 19220 | 29370 |
| Cash \& Equivalents | 1148 | 1189 | 2576 | 1708 | 1530 | 2129 | 2462 | 8756 | 2687 | 4351 |
| Accounts Receivable | 387 | 486 | 561 | 631 | 719 | 769 | 870 | 693 | 879 | 883 |
| Inventories | 966 | 1242 | 1111 | 1091 | 1306 | 1379 | 1364 | 1401 | 1529 | 1551 |
| Goodwill \& Int. Ass. | 434 | 543 | 1138 | 1130 | 2096 | 2236 | 1981 | 4584 | 4273 | 4149 |
| Total Liabilities | 2973 | 3105 | 7034 | 5479 | 6597 | 8422 | 8909 | 22981 | 25451 | 37170 |
| Accounts Payable | 540 | 398 | 492 | 534 | 684 | 731 | 783 | 1179 | 1190 | 998 |
| Long-Term Debt | 550 | 550 | 1299 | 2048 | 2348 | 3585 | 3933 | 9440 | 11167 | 16350 |
| Shareholder's Equity | 4385 | 5109 | 4480 | 5272 | 5818 | 5884 | 5450 | 1170 | -6232 | -7805 |
| D/E Ratio | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.39 | 0.40 | 0.61 | 0.72 | 8.07 | -1.79 | -2.2 |

## Profitability \& Per Share Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on Assets | $\mathbf{1 8 . 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 6 \%}$ | $23.8 \%$ | $21.1 \%$ | $20.1 \%$ | $23.5 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 6 \%}$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Return on Equity | $30.9 \%$ | $29.2 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $42.4 \%$ | $49.7 \%$ | $48.2 \%$ | $50.9 \%$ | $137 \%$ | --- | --- |
| ROIC | $27.2 \%$ | $26.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $31.6 \%$ | $35.6 \%$ | $31.9 \%$ | $30.6 \%$ | $45.2 \%$ | $46.3 \%$ | $13.8 \%$ |
| Shares Out. | 1,490 | 1,499 | 1,506 | 1,499 | 1,485 | 1,461 | 1,432 | 1,309 | 1,185 | 1,182 |
| Revenue/Share | 7.60 | 8.59 | 9.75 | 10.78 | 12.66 | 14.34 | 15.32 | 17.73 | 21.50 | 19.9 |
| FCF/Share | 0.70 | 0.58 | 1.15 | -0.36 | 1.62 | 2.11 | 1.82 | 7.14 | 2.63 | 0.1 |

Note: All figures in millions of U.S. Dollars unless per share or indicated otherwise.

## Disclaimer

[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ In millions.
    Disclosure: This analyst has no position in the security discussed in this research report, and no plans to initiate one in the next 72 hours.

[^1]:    
    
    
     to the contrary should be made. There is a risk of loss from an investment in marketable securities. Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance.

