## The Gap Inc. (GPS)

Updated June 22 ${ }^{\text {nd }}, 2022$ by Felix Martinez
Key Metrics

| Current Price: | $\$ 8.70$ | 5 Year CAGR Estimate: | $-0.5 \%$ | Market Cap: | $\$ 3.4$ B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Fair Value Price: | $\$ 4.40$ | 5 Year Growth Estimate: | $5.0 \%$ | Ex-Dividend Date: | $07 / 05 / 22$ |
| \% Fair Value: | $198 \%$ | 5 Year Valuation Multiple Estimate: | $-12.7 \%$ | Dividend Payment Date: | $07 / 27 / 22$ |
| Dividend Yield: | $5.8 \%$ | 5 Year Price Target | $\$ 5.62$ | Years of Dividend Growth: | 1 |
| Dividend Risk Score: | F | Retirement Suitability Score: | D | Rating: | Sell |

## Overview \& Current Events

The Gap Inc. is an American clothing and accessories retailer worldwide. The company was founded in 1982 by Nick Taylor, Donald Fisher, and Doris F. Fisher and is headquartered in San Francisco, California. The company has a market capitalization of $\$ 3.4$ billion. The Gap operates six business lines: Gap, Banana Republic, Old Navy, Intermix, Hill City, and Athleta. The company has 3,414 store locations in over 40 countries, of which 2,825 are company operated.

The company reported first-quarter results for Fiscal Year (FY)2022 on May 26, 2022. The company brought in \$3.5 billion in net sales, down $13 \%$ compared to 2020, where the company earned $\$ 3.9$ billion in sales. Strategic permanent store closures and divestitures reduced net sales by approximately $2 \%$ versus 2021 . Online sales declined $17 \%$ compared to the first quarter of 2021 and represented $39 \%$ of the total net sales. First-quarter comparable sales were down 14\% versus 2021. For the quarter, net profit was a loss of $\$(162)$ million compared to a profit of $\$ 166$ million in 1Q2021. Thus, for the quarter, earnings per share were $\$(0.44)$ versus $\$ 0.43$ in the first quarter of 2021. The Old Navy segment saw sales down $19 \%$ due to size and assortment imbalance, ongoing inventory delays, and product acceptance issues. Also, Old Navy brand comparable sales were down $22 \%$ year-over-year. The Gap segment saw sales decline $11 \%$ versus the 2021 first quarter due to slowed overall demand in China.
The management team provided the FY2022 financial outlook. The management team expects diluted earnings to be $\$ 0.40$ to $\$ 0.70$ per share for the year. We will be more conservative and use $\$ 0.44$ per share for our fair value and total return calculations. Net sales growth is expected to decline in the low to mid-single-digit range versus the fiscal year 2021.

Growth on a Per-Share Basis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EPS | $\$ 2.33$ | $\$ 2.74$ | $\$ 2.87$ | $\$ 2.23$ | $\$ 1.69$ | $\$ 2.14$ | $\$ 2.59$ | $\$ 0.93$ | $(\$ 1.78)$ | $\$ 0.67$ | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 4 4}$ |
| DPS | $\$ 0.49$ | $\$ 0.63$ | $\$ 0.86$ | $\$ 0.91$ | $\$ 0.92$ | $\$ 0.92$ | $\$ 0.97$ | $\$ 0.97$ | $\$ 0.24$ | $\$ 0.48$ | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 5 7}$ |
| Shares $^{\mathbf{1}}$ | 463.0 | 446.0 | 421.0 | 397.0 | 399.0 | 389.0 | 378.0 | 371.0 | 374.0 | 383.0 | $\mathbf{3 8 3 . 0}$ |

The Gap has been experiencing operating margin compression over the past ten years. Operating margins ranged between $9.9 \%$ and $13.4 \%$ from 2009 to 2014. The subsequent four years saw operating margins decrease to $7.7 \%$ and $9.6 \%$. For FY2021, the operating margin was (4.9)\%. As a result of rising operating costs through store closures and initiatives to revitalize its portfolio of brands, operating expenses will increase, resulting in lowered profit expectations. However, we believe that diluted earnings per share will start to increase over the next three years. Earnings are expected to be $\$ 0.56$ per share for the company in FY2027. This compared unfavorably to what the company earned in FY2021 and FY2020. The dividend looks to be unsafe as well. The company currently pays a dividend of $\$ 0.57$ per share for the year while expecting to earn $\$ 0.44$ per share. Thus, this will give a high payout ratio of $130 \%$.

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## The Gap Inc. (GPS)

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Valuation Analysis

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Now |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avg. P/E | 13 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 12 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 10.1 | 0.0 | 38.3 | $\mathbf{1 9 . 8}$ |
| Avg. YId. | $1.6 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{5 . 8 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 2 \%}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The 2019 P/E of 10.1x reflects an extended period of slow growth and operational headwinds. We expect the effects of revitalizing the brands and optimizing store operating profits to begin after completing store closures in 2021 and 2022. Consumer confidence has also taken a hit because of high inflation. Hence, we expect a 5 -year growth estimate of $5 \%$ over the next five years. This growth estimate will change as time goes on. Considering expectations of a marginal earnings decline in the near term and subsequent growth, we assume a fair 2027 P/E of 10x instead of the historical average PE of 14.1x. The company has a PE of 19.8, which is higher than our fair value PE.

Safety, Quality, Competitive Advantage, \& Recession Resiliency

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payout | $21 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $104 \%$ | $-14 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 3 0 \%}$ |

The Gap Inc. manages a portfolio of brands and has the size and capital strength to acquire new brands to bolster its business or engage in aggressive share repurchases. Inorganic growth through acquisitions may represent an upside to investors. The Gap can also capitalize on the retail industry's weaknesses by buying distressed brands and assets. An example would be purchasing the high-end children's clothing line Janie and Jack from a bankrupt retailer, Gymboree, for $\$ 35$ million. The company's balance sheet has deteriorated with a debt/equity ratio of 2.6. However, during the last financial crisis, Gap displayed resiliency in its business. It reported a net income of $\$ 967$ million in 2008 and $\$ 1,102$ million in 2009 while maintaining its dividend during those years.

## Final Thoughts \& Recommendation

The company is undergoing a transformation in which costs will be incurred to restructure the business and grow through organic initiatives or inorganic acquisitions. We estimate 5\% EPS growth annually over the next five years. The Gap has a ( 0.5 )\% expected total return. This is due to higher valuation. Thus, we rate the company a sell.


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Disclosure: This analyst has no position in the security discussed in this research report, and no plans to initiate one in the next 72 hours.

# The Gap Inc. (GPS) 

Updated June 22 ${ }^{\text {nd }}, 2022$ by Felix Martinez Income Statement Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 15,651 | 16,148 | 16,435 | 15,797 | 15,516 | 15,855 | 16,580 | 16,383 | 13,800 | 16,670 |
| Gross Profit | 6,171 | 6,293 | 6,289 | 5,720 | 5,640 | 6,066 | 6,322 | 6,133 | 4,705 | 6,637 |
| Gross Margin | $39.4 \%$ | $39.0 \%$ | $38.3 \%$ | $36.2 \%$ | $36.3 \%$ | $38.3 \%$ | $38.1 \%$ | $37.4 \%$ | $34.1 \%$ | $39.8 \%$ |
| D\&A Exp. | 559 | 536 | 564 | 592 | 593 | 559 | 578 | 557 | 507 | 504 |
| Operating Profit | 1,942 | 2,149 | 2,083 | 1,524 | 1,191 | 1,479 | 1,362 | 574 | -862 | 810 |
| Op. Margin | $12.4 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $9.3 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $-6.2 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ |
| Net Profit | 1,135 | 1,280 | 1,262 | 920 | 676 | 848 | 1,003 | 351 | -665 | 256 |
| Net Margin | $7.3 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $-4.8 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Free Cash Flow | 1,277 | 1,035 | 1,415 | 868 | 1,195 | 649 | 676 | 366 | -155 | 115 |
| Income Tax | 726 | 813 | 751 | 551 | 448 | 576 | 319 | 177 | -437 | 67 |

Balance Sheet Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{7 , 4 7 0}$ | 7,849 | $\mathbf{7 , 6 9 0}$ | 7,473 | 7,610 | 7,989 | 8,049 | 13,679 | 13,769 | 12,761 |
| Cash \& Equivalents | 1,460 | 1,510 | 1,515 | 1,370 | 1,783 | 1,783 | 1,081 | 1,364 | 1,988 | 877 |
| Acc. Receivable | 331 | 462 | 275 | 282 | 335 | 282 | 321 | 316 | 363 | 399 |
| Inventories | 1,758 | 1,928 | 1,889 | 1,873 | 1,830 | 1,997 | 2,131 | 2,156 | 2,451 | 3,018 |
| Goodwill \& Int. | 316 | 272 | 272 | 272 | 204 | 204 | 201 | 230 | 170 | 297 |
| Total Liabilities | 4,576 | 4,787 | 4,707 | 4,928 | 4,706 | 4,845 | 4,496 | 10,363 | 11,155 | 10,039 |
| Accounts Payable | 1,144 | 1,242 | 1,173 | 1,112 | 1,243 | 1,181 | 1,126 | 1,174 | 1,743 | 1,951 |
| Long-Term Debt | 1,246 | 1,394 | 1,353 | 1,731 | 1,313 | 1,249 | 1,249 | 1,249 | 2,216 | 1,484 |
| Total Equity | 2,894 | 3,062 | 2,983 | 2,545 | 2,904 | 3,144 | 3,553 | 3,316 | 2,614 | 2,722 |
| LTD/E Ratio | 0.43 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.68 | 0.45 | 0.40 | 0.35 | 0.38 | 0.85 | 0.55 |

Profitability \& Per Share Metrics

| Year | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on Assets | $15.2 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 0} \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 9} \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $-4.8 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 . 9 \%}$ |
| Return on Equity | $40.2 \%$ | $43.0 \%$ | $41.8 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $24.8 \%$ | $28.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ | $-22.4 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ |
| ROIC | $26.5 \%$ | $29.8 \%$ | $28.7 \%$ | $21.4 \%$ | $15.9 \%$ | $19.7 \%$ | $21.8 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $-14.2 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ |
| Shares Out. | 463.0 | 446.0 | 421.0 | 397.0 | 399.0 | 389.0 | 378.0 | 371.0 | 374.0 | 383.0 |
| Revenue/Share (\$) | 32.07 | 34.58 | 37.35 | 38.25 | 38.79 | 40.04 | 42.73 | 43.34 | 36.90 | 43.52 |
| FCF/Share (\$) | 2.62 | 2.22 | 3.22 | 2.10 | 2.99 | 1.64 | 1.74 | 0.97 | -0.41 | 0.30 |

Note: All figures in millions of U.S. Dollars unless per share or indicated otherwise. 2018 refers to the fiscal year period ending February 2, 2019.https://suredividend.typeform.com/to/xYFki7

## Disclaimer

[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Shares are in Millions
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[^1]:    
    
    
     inference to the contrary should be made. There is a risk of loss from an investment in marketable securities. Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance.

